RESOLUTION NO. <u>113-16</u> (CM)

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF WATSONVILLE ORDERING THE SUBMISSION OF A MEASURE TO THE QUALIFIED ELECTORS OF THE CITY TO AMEND THE UTILITY USERS' TAX WITHIN THE CITY OF WATSONVILLE OF ARTICLE 9 (UTILITY USERS' TAX) OF CHAPTER 6 (TAXATION) OF TITLE 3 (FINANCE) OF THE WATSONVILLE MUNICIPAL CODE; REQUESTING SANTA CRUZ COUNTY ELECTIONS TO CONDUCT THE ELECTION; REQUESTING CONSOLIDATION OF THE ELECTION TO BE HELD ON NOVEMBER 8, 2016; AND DIRECTING THE CITY CLERK TO TAKE STEPS TO PLACE SAID MEASURE

WHEREAS, the health, safety, and general welfare of the City depend on maintaining and enhancing existing levels of service, including, primarily, police and fire services, programs for youth and seniors, parks and recreation services for the public in the City, and fixing and repairing potholes, streets and roads; and

WHEREAS, much of the public services described above are financed with the City's General Fund revenues; and

WHEREAS, approximately ten percent (10%) of the City's annual General Fund revenues come directly from the collection of the City's Utility Users Tax; and

WHEREAS, the City Council finds it necessary to amend the Utility Users Tax

Ordinance to modernize outdated provisions and to ensure continued collection of the

Utility Users Tax on traditional and emerging utility technologies in a fair and equitable

manner; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to Proposition 218 (California Constitution, Article XIIIC), a "change in methodology" of the Utility Users Tax requires majority approval of the qualified voters of the City of Watsonville; and

Reso No. <u>113-16</u> (CM) P:\COUNCIL\2016\062816\Election Calling Utility Users Tax Measure.docx ri 7/25/2016 3:31:37 PM WHEREAS, pursuant to California Elections Code Section 9222, the City Council may submit to the qualified voters of the City a proposition, without a petition therefor, by ordinance or resolution; and

WHEREAS, the City intends to hold a General Election on November 8, 2016; and

WHEREAS, the City Council desires to submit to the qualified voters of the City a
Measure asking whether to adopt an ordinance to amend the existing Utility Users Tax
Ordinance as described above within the City of Watsonville; and

WHEREAS, the City Council finds and determines that under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines Section 15060(c)(2) and 15378, subdivisions (2) and (4) of subdivision (b), this measure does not constitute a project under CEQA and therefore review under CEQA is not required.

WHEREAS, pursuant to Elections Code Section 10002, the governing body of any city may by resolution request the Board of Supervisors of the county to permit the county elections official to render specified services to the City relating to the conduct of an election; and

WHEREAS, the resolution of the City Council of the City shall specify the services requested; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to Elections Code Section 10002, the city shall reimburse the county in full for the services performed upon presentation of a bill to the city; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to Elections Code Section 10400, whenever two or more elections, including bond elections, of any legislative or congressional district, public district, city, county, or other political subdivision are called to be held on the same day,

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in the same territory, or in territory that is in part the same, they may be consolidated

upon the order of the governing body or bodies or officer or officers calling the elections;

and

WHEREAS, pursuant to Elections Code Section 10400, such election for cities

may be either completely or partially consolidated; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to Elections Code Section 10403, whenever an election

called by a City, for the submission of any question, proposition, or office to be filled is

to be consolidated with a statewide election, and the question, proposition, or office to

be filled is to appear upon the same ballot as that provided for that statewide election,

the City shall at least 88 days prior to the date of the election, file with the board of

supervisors, and a copy with the elections official, a resolution of the City Council

requesting the consolidation, and setting forth the exact form of any question,

proposition, or office to be voted upon at the election, as it is to appear on the ballot,

acknowledging that the consolidation election will be held and conducted in the manner

prescribed in Section 10418. Upon such request, the Board of Supervisor may order the

consolidation; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to Elections Code Section 10418, if consolidated, the

consolidated election shall be held and conducted, election boards appointed, voting

precincts designated, candidates nominated, ballots printed, polls opened and closed,

voter challenges determined, ballots counted and returned, returns canvassed, results

declared, certificates of election issued, recounts conducted, election contests

presented, and all other proceedings incidental to and connected with the election shall

be regulated and done in accordance with the provisions of law regulating the statewide

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or special election, or the election held pursuant to Section 1302 or 1303, as applicable;

and

WHEREAS, the resolution requesting the consolidation shall be adopted and

filed at the same time as the adoption of the ordinance, resolution, or order calling the

election; and

WHEREAS, various district, county, state, and other political subdivision

elections may be or have been called to be held on November 8, 2016.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY

OF WATSONVILLE, CALIFORNIA, AS FOLLOWS:

SECTION 1. That the City Council of the City of Watsonville hereby orders a

General Municipal Election be called and consolidated with any and all elections also

called to be held on November 8, 2016, insofar as said elections are to be held in the

same territory or in territory that is in part of the same as the territory of the City of

Watsonville and requests the Board of Supervisor of the County of Santa Cruz to order

such consolidation under Elections Code Sections 10401 and 10403 and 10418.

SECTION 2. That the City Council of the City of Watsonville hereby requests the

Board of Supervisors to permit the Santa Cruz County Elections Department to provide

any and all services necessary for conducting the election if the City agrees to pay for

said services.

SECTION 3. That the City Council of the City of Watsonville hereby orders that

the Santa Cruz County Elections Department shall conduct the General Municipal

Election for the following measure to be voted on at the November 8, 2016: at which

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election shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the City of Watsonville the following measure:

The ballot measure text will read as follows:

Ballot Question:

"Shall the Utility Users Tax Ordinance be amended reducing the tax on telecommunications and video from 6% to 5.5%, exempt low income persons/seniors/disabled from energy taxes, adding wireless and modernizing ordinance to treat taxpayers the same regardless of technology; to generate approximately four million annually, until ended by voters or reduced by City Council to help fund essential services including: police, fire protection, youth programs, parks and recreation, and all money staying local?

Yes	 No	

ORDINANCE NO. <u>1339-16</u> (CM)

A CODIFIED ORDINANCE BY THE VOTERS OF THE CITY OF WATSONVILLE AMENDING ARTICLE 9 (UTILITY USERS' TAX) TO CHAPTER 6 (TAXATION) OF TITLE 3 (FINANCE) OF THE WATSONVILLE MUNICIPAL CODE REQUIRING THE MODIFICATION OF THE CITY'S EXISTING UTILITY USERS' TAX TO BE DONE SOLELY WITH VOTER APPROVAL

Rescinds Ordinance No.'s 805-89 (CM), 841-90 (CM), 972-95 (CM), and 1116-01 (CM)

ELECTION ON NOVEMBER 8, 2016

EFFECTIVE DATE:

THE PEOPLE OF THE CITY OF WATSONVILLE, CALIFORNIA, DO HEREBY

SECTION 1. ENACTMENT.

ORDAIN AS FOLLOWS:

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Article 9 (Utility Users' Tax) of Chapter 6 (Taxation) of Title 3 (Finance) of the Watsonville Municipal Code is hereby amended by removing Article 9 (Utility Users' Tax) in its entirety and replacing with a new Article 9 (Utility Users' Tax) to read in words and figures as follows:

Article 9. Utility Users' Tax

Sec. 3-6.901 Title and purpose.

This article shall be known as the Utility Tax Ordinance for the City. This article is adopted pursuant to the powers of the City as a charter city, as authorized by the Constitution of the State of California, and is adopted as a tax levy to meet the usual current expenses of the City.

Sec. 3-6.902 Definitions.

The following words and phrases, whenever used in this Article, shall be construed as defined in this Section:

- (a) "Ancillary telecommunication services" shall mean services that are associated with or incidental to the provision, use or enjoyment of telecommunications services, including but not limited to the following services:
 - (1) "Conference bridging service" shall mean an ancillary service that links two (2) or more participants of an audio or video conference call and may include the provision of a telephone number. Conference bridging service does not include the telecommunications services used to reach the conference bridge.
 - (2) "Detailed telecommunications billing service" shall mean an ancillary service of separately stated information pertaining to individual calls on

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a customer's billing statement.

(3) "Directory assistance" shall mean an ancillary service of providing

telephone number information, and/or address information.

(4) "Vertical service" shall mean an ancillary service that is offered in

connection with one (1) or more telecommunications services, which offers

advanced calling features that allow customers to identify callers and to manage

multiple calls and call connections, including conference bridging services.

(5) "Voice mail service" shall mean an ancillary service that enables

the customer to store, send or receive recorded messages. Voice mail service

does not include any vertical services that the customer may be required to have

in order to utilize the voice mail service.

(b) "Ancillary video services" means services that are associated with or

incidental to the provision or delivery of video services, including but not limited to

electronic program guide services, recording services, search functions, or other

interactive services or communications that are associated with or incidental to the

provision, use or enjoyment of video services.

(c) "Billing address" shall mean the mailing address of the service user where

the service provider submits invoices or bills for payment by the service users.

(d) "City" shall mean the City of Watsonville.

(e) "City Manager" shall mean the City Manager, or his or her authorized

representative.

(f) "CPI" shall mean the Consumer Price Index for the San Francisco-

Oakland-San Jose Area.

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(g) "Gas" shall mean natural or manufactured gas or any alternative

hydrocarbon fuel, which may be substituted therefore.

(h) "Mobile telecommunications service" shall mean commercial mobile radio

service, as defined in Section 20.3 of Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, and

as set forth in the Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act (4 U.S.C. Section 124) and

the regulations there under.

(i) "Month" shall mean a calendar month.

(i) "Non-utility service" supplier shall mean:

(1) A service supplier, other than a supplier of electric distribution

services to all or a significant portion of the City, which generates electricity for

sale to others, and shall include but not be limited to any publicly-owned electric

utility, investor-owned utility, cogenerator, distributed generation provider, exempt

wholesale generator, (15 U.S.C. Section 79z-5a) municipal utility district, Federal

power marketing agency, electric rural cooperative, or other supplier or seller of

electricity;

(2) An electric service provider (ESP), electricity broker, marketer,

aggregator (including a community choice aggregator), pool operator, or other

electricity supplier other than a provider of electric distribution services to all or a

significant portion of the City, which sells or supplies electricity or supplemental

services to electricity users within the City; and

(3) A gas service supplier, aggregator, marketer or broker, other than a

supplier of gas distribution services to all or a significant portion of the City, which

sells or supplies gas or supplemental services to gas users within the City.

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(k) "Paging service" means a "telecommunications service" that provides

transmission of coded radio signals for the purpose of activating specific pagers; such

transmissions may include messages and/or sounds.

"Person" shall mean, without limitation, any domestic, non-profit or foreign

corporation; firm; association; syndicate; joint stock company; partnership of any kind;

limited liability company; joint venture; club; trust: Massachusetts business or common

law trust; estate; society; cooperative; receiver, trustee, guardian or other representative

appointed by order of any court; any natural individual; joint power agency, municipal

district or municipal corporation, other than the City.

(m) "Place of primary use" shall mean the street address representative of

where the customer's use of the telecommunications service primarily occurs, which

must be the residential street address or the primary business street address of the

customer.

(I)

(n) "Post-paid telecommunication service" shall mean the telecommunication

service obtained by making a payment on a communication-by-communication basis

either through the use of a credit card or payment mechanism such as a bank card,

travel card, credit card, or debit card, or by charge made to a service number which is

not associated with the origination or termination of the telecommunication service.

(o) "Prepaid telecommunication service" shall mean the right to access

telecommunication services, which must be paid for in advance and which enables the

origination of communications using an access number or authorization code, whether

manually or electronically dialed, and shall include "prepaid mobile telephone services"

as defined in Revenue and Taxation Code Section 42004(k).

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(p) "Private telecommunication service" shall mean a telecommunication service that entitles the customer to exclusive or priority use of a communications channel or group of channels between or among termination points, regardless of the manner in which such channel or channels are connected, and includes switching capacity, extension lines, stations, and any other associated services that are provided in connection with the use of such channel or channels. A communications channel is a physical or virtual path of communications over which signals are transmitted between or among customer channel termination points (i.e., the location where the customer either inputs or receives the communications)

(q) "Service address" shall mean the residential street address or the business street address of the service user. For a telecommunications or video service user, "service address" means either:

(1) The location of the service user's telecommunication or video equipment from which the communication originates or terminates, regardless of where the communication is billed or paid; or,

(2) If the location in subsection (1) above of this definition is unknown (e.g., mobile telecommunications service or VoIP service), the service address shall mean the location of the service user's place of primary use.

(3) For prepaid telecommunication service, "service address" means the point of sale of the services where the point of sale is within the City, or if unknown, the known address of the service user (e.g., billing address or location associated with the service number), which locations shall be presumed to be the place of primary use.

- (r) "Service supplier" shall mean any person, including the City, who provides or sells telecommunication, video, electric, gas or water service to a user of such services within the City. The term shall include any person required to collect, or self-collect under Section 3-6.908 hereof, and remit a tax as imposed by this Article 9, including its billing agent in the case of electric or gas suppliers.
- (s) "Service user" shall mean a person required to pay a tax imposed by this Article 9.
 - (t) "State" shall mean the State of California.
- (u) "Tax Administrator" shall mean the Finance Director, or his or her authorized representative.
- (v) "Telecommunications services" shall mean the transmission, conveyance, or routing of voice, data, audio, video, or any other information or signals to a point, or between or among points, whatever the technology used, and includes broadband service (e.g., digital subscriber line (DSL), fiber optic, coaxial cable, and wireless broadband, including Wi-Fi, WiMAX, and Wireless MESH) to the extent federal and/or state law permits taxation of such broadband services, now or in the future. The term "telecommunications service" includes such transmission, conveyance, or routing in which computer processing applications are used to act on the form, code or protocol of the content for purposes of transmission, conveyance or routing without regard to whether such service is referred to as voice over internet protocol (VoIP) services or is classified by the Federal Communications Commission as enhanced or value added, and includes video and/or data service that is functionally integrated with "telecommunication services". Telecommunications services include, but is not limited

to the following services, regardless of the manner or basis on which such services are calculated or billed: ancillary telecommunication services; intrastate, interstate and all forms of VoIP international telecommunication services: service: mobile telecommunications service: telecommunication prepaid service: post-paid telecommunication service; private telecommunication service; paging service; 800 service (or any other toll-free numbers designated by the Federal Communications Commission); 900 service (or any other similar numbers designated by the Federal Communications Commission for services whereby subscribers who call in to prerecorded or live service).

- (w) "Video programming" means those programming services commonly provided to subscribers by a "video service supplier" including but not limited to basic services, premium services, audio services, video games, pay-per-view services, video on demand, origination programming, or any other similar services, regardless of the content of such video programming, or the technology used to deliver such services, and regardless of the manner or basis on which such services are calculated or billed.
- (x) "Video services" means "video programming" and any and all services related to the providing, recording, delivering, use or enjoyment of "video programming" (including origination programming and programming using Internet Protocol, e.g., IP-TV, IP-Video, and over the top TV or OTT) by a "video service supplier," regardless of the technology used to deliver, store or provide such services, and regardless of the manner or basis on which such services are calculated or billed, and includes ancillary video services, data services, "telecommunication services," or interactive communication services that are functionally integrated with "video services."

"Video service supplier" means any person, company, or service which (y) provides or sells video programming, or provides or sells the capability to receive video programming, including any communications that are ancillary, necessary or common to the provision, use or enjoyment of the video programming, to or from a business or residential address in the City, where some fee is paid, whether directly or included in dues or rental charges for that service, whether or not public rights-of-way are utilized in the delivery of the video programming or communications. A "video service supplier" includes, but is not limited to, multichannel video programming distributors (as defined in 47 U.S.C.A. Section 522(13)); open video systems (OVS) suppliers; and suppliers of cable television; master antenna television; satellite master antenna television; multichannel multipoint distribution services (MMDS); video services using internet protocol (e.g., IP-TV and IP-Video, which provide, among other things, broadcasting and video on demand), direct broadcast satellite to the extent federal law permits taxation of its video services, now or in the future; and other suppliers of video services (including two-way communications), whatever their technology.

(z) "VoIP" (Voice Over Internet Protocol) means the digital process of making and receiving real-time voice transmissions over any Internet Protocol network.

(aa) "800 Service" means a "telecommunications service" that allows a caller to dial a toll-free number without incurring a charge for the call. The service is typically marketed under the name "800," "855," "866," "877," and "888" toll-free calling, and any subsequent numbers designated by the Federal Communications Commission.

(bb) "900 Service" means an inbound toll "telecommunications service" purchased by a subscriber that allows the subscriber's customers to call in to the

subscriber's prerecorded announcement or live service. "900 service" does not include the charge for: collection services provided by the seller of the "telecommunications services" to the subscriber, or service or product sold by the subscriber to the subscriber's customer. The service is typically marketed under the name "900" service, and any subsequent numbers designated by the Federal Communications Commission.

Sec. 3-6.903 Constitutional and Statutory Exemptions.

- (a) The taxes imposed by this Article 9 shall not apply to:
- (1) Any person or service if imposition of such tax upon that person or service would be in violation of a Federal or State statute or the Constitution of the State of California, or the Constitution of the United States; or
 - (2) The City, and the State of California and its subdivisions.
- (3) Low Income Exemption. A residential service user shall be exempt from the gas and electric tax of this chapter if he or she is qualified and is enrolled in Pacific Gas & Electric Company's (PG&E) CARE Program ("California Alternate Rates for Energy" program). Individuals receiving the exemption granted by this subsection must reside at the location receiving the service; the exemption shall not apply to any nonresidential service location.
- (4) Senior/Disabled Exemptions. A residential service user who is sixty-five (65) years old or older and is the head of the household; or any residential service user who meets the criteria of disability as established by the Social Security Administration's Supplemental Income Program for the Aged, Blind and Disabled (Title XVI of the Social Security Act, as amended), shall be exempt from the gas and electric tax of this chapter.

(b) Any service user that is exempt from the tax imposed by this Article 9 pursuant to subsection (a) of this Section shall file an application with the Tax Administrator for an exemption; provided, however, this requirement shall not apply to a service user that is a State or Federal agency or subdivision with a commonly recognized name for such service. Said application shall be made upon a form approved by the Tax Administrator and shall state those facts, declared under penalty of perjury, which qualify the applicant for an exemption, and shall include the names of all service suppliers serving that service user. If deemed exempt by the Tax Administrator, such service user shall give the Tax Administrator timely written notice of any change in service suppliers so that the Tax Administrator can properly notify the new service supplier of the service user's tax exempt status. A service user that fails to apply and obtain an exemption pursuant to this Section 3-6.903 shall not be entitled to a refund of a users tax collected and remitted to the Tax Administrator from such service user as a result of such noncompliance.

(c) The decision of the Tax Administrator regarding an exemption application may be appealed pursuant to Section 3-6.921 hereof. Filing an application with the Tax Administrator and appeal to the City Manager, or designee, pursuant to Section 3-6.921 hereof is a prerequisite to a suit thereon.

(d) The City Council may, by resolution, establish one or more classes of persons or one or more classes of utility service otherwise subject to payment of a tax imposed by this Article 9 and provide that such classes of persons or service shall be exempt, in whole or in part from such tax for a specified period of time.

Sec. 3-6.904 Telecommunication Users Tax.

(a) There is hereby imposed a tax upon every person in the City using telecommunication services. The tax imposed by this section shall be at the rate of five and one-half percent (5.5%) of the charges made for such services and shall be collected from the service user by the telecommunication services supplier or its billing agent, or as otherwise provided by law. There is a rebuttable presumption that telecommunication services, which are billed to a billing or service address in the City, are used, in whole or in part, within the City's boundaries, and such services are subject to taxation under this section. There is also a rebuttable presumption that prepaid telecommunication services sold within the city are primarily used, in whole or in part, within the City and are therefore subject to taxation under this Section. If the billing address of the service user is different from the service address, the service address of the service user shall be used for purposes of imposing the tax. As used in this section, the term "charges" shall include the value of any other services, credits, property of every kind or nature, or other consideration provided by the service user in exchange for the telecommunication services.

(b) "Mobile telecommunications service" shall be sourced in accordance with the sourcing rules set forth in the *Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act (4 U.S.C. Section 124)*. The Tax Administrator may issue and disseminate to telecommunication service suppliers, which are subject to the tax collection requirements of this section, sourcing rules for the taxation of other telecommunication services, including but not limited to post-paid telecommunication services, prepaid telecommunication services, and private telecommunication services, provided that such rules are based upon custom and common practice that further administrative efficiency and minimize multi-

jurisdictional taxation.

The Tax Administrator may issue and disseminate to telecommunication (c)

service suppliers, which are subject to the tax collection requirements of this section, an

administrative ruling identifying those telecommunication services, or charges therefore,

that are subject to the tax of paragraph (a) above. This administrative ruling shall not

impose a new tax, revise an existing tax methodology as stated in this section, or

increase an existing tax, except as allowed by California Government Code Section

53750(h)(2)(A).

(d) As used in this Section, the term "telecommunication services" shall

include, but is not limited to, charges for: connection, reconnection, termination or early

termination charges; movement or change of telecommunication services; late payment

fees; detailed billing; central office and custom calling features (including but not limited

to call waiting, call forwarding, caller identification and three-way calling); voice mail and

other messaging services; directory assistance; access and line charges; universal

service charges; fees, charges or surcharges, imposed by any state or federal agency

or law (whether such charges or surcharges are imposed on the service supplier or the

customer); local number portability charges; and text and instant messaging.

"Telecommunication services" shall not include digital downloads that are not "ancillary

telecommunication services," such as music, ringtones, games, and similar digital

products.

To prevent actual multi-jurisdictional taxation of telecommunication (e)

services subject to tax under this section, any service user, upon proof to the Tax

Administrator that the service user has previously paid the same tax in another state or

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city on such telecommunication services, shall be allowed a credit against the tax imposed to the extent of the amount of such tax legally imposed in such other State or City; provided, however, the amount of credit shall not exceed the tax owed to the City

under this section.

(f) The tax on telecommunication services imposed by this section shall be

collected from the service user by the service supplier. The amount of tax collected in

one (1) month shall be remitted to the Tax Administrator, and must be received by the

Tax Administrator on or before the twentieth (20th) day of the following month.

Sec. 3-6.905 Video Users Tax.

(a) There is hereby imposed a tax upon every person in the City using video

services from a video provider. The tax imposed by this subsection shall be at the rate

of five and one-half percent (5.5%) of the charges made for such services, and shall be

collected from the service user by the video service supplier or its billing agent. There is

a rebuttable presumption that video services, which are billed to a billing or service

address in the City, are used, in whole or in part, within the City's boundaries, and such

services are subject to taxation under this Article. If the billing address of the service

user is different from the service address, the service address of the service user shall

be used for purposes of imposing the tax.

(b) As used in this section, the term "charges" shall include, but is not limited

to, charges for the following:

(1) fees, charges or surcharges imposed by any state or federal

agency or law; including franchise fees and access fees (PEG): whether such

fees, charges or surcharges are imposed on the service supplier or the customer;

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(2) initial installation of equipment necessary for provision and receipt

of video services;

(3) late fees, collection fees, bad debt recoveries, and return check

fees;

(4) activation fees, reactivation fees; termination or early termination

charges; and reconnection fees;

(5) video programming and video services;

(6) ancillary video programming services (e.g., electronic program

guide services, search functions, recording functions, or other interactive

services or communications that are ancillary, necessary or common to the use

or enjoyment of the video services);

(7) equipment leases (e.g., remote, set box, recording and/or search

devises; converters); and,

(8) service calls, service protection plans, name changes, changes of

services, and special services.

(c) As used in this section, the term "charges" shall include the value of any

other services, credits, property of every kind or nature, or other consideration provided

by the service user in exchange for the video services.

(d) The Tax Administrator may issue and disseminate to video service

suppliers, which are subject to the tax collection requirements of this Article, an

administrative ruling identifying those video services, or charges therefor, that are

subject to or not subject to the tax of subsection (a) above.

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(e) The tax imposed by this section shall be collected from the service user by

the video service supplier, its billing agent, or a reseller of such services. In the case of

video service, the service user shall be deemed to be the purchaser of the bulk video

service (e.g., an apartment owner), unless such service is resold to individual users, in

which case the service user shall be the ultimate purchaser of the video service. The

amount of tax collected in one (1) month shall be remitted to the Tax Administrator, and

must be received by the Tax Administrator on or before the twentieth (20th) day of the

following month.

Sec. 3-6.906 Electricity Users Tax.

(a) There is hereby imposed a tax upon every person using electricity in the

City. The tax imposed by this Section shall be at the rate of six percent (6%) of the

charges made for such electricity, and for any supplemental services or other

associated activities directly related to and/or necessary for the provision of electricity

to the service user, which are provided by a service supplier or non-utility service

supplier to a service user. The tax shall be collected from the service user by the

service supplier or non-utility service supplier, or its billing agent.

(b) As used in this Section, the term "charges" shall apply to all services,

components and items that are: i) necessary or common to the receipt, use and

enjoyment of electric service; or, ii) currently, or historically have been, included in a

single or bundled rate for electric service by a local distribution company to a class of

retail customers. The term "charges" shall include, but is not limited to, the following

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charges:

(1) Energy charges;

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- (2) Distribution or transmission charges;
- (3) Metering charges;
- (4) Standby, reserves, firming, voltage support, regulation, emergency, or other similar charges for supplemental services to self-generation service users;
- (5) Customer charges, late charges, service establishment or reestablishment charges, termination or early termination charges, demand charges, fuel or other cost adjustments, power exchange charges, independent system operator (ISO) charges, stranded investment or competitive transition charges (CTC), public purpose program charges, nuclear decommissioning charges, trust transfer amounts (bond financing charges), franchise fees, franchise surcharges, annual and monthly charges, and other charges, fees and surcharges which are necessary to or common for the receipt, use and enjoyment of electric service; and
- (6) Fees, charges or surcharges imposed by any state or federal agency or law, whether or not such fees, charges or surcharges appear on a bundled or line item basis on the customer billing, or whether they are imposed on the service provider or the customer.
- (c) As used in this Section, the term "charges" shall include the value of any other services, credits, property of every kind or nature, or other consideration provided by the service user in exchange for the electricity or services related to the provision of such electricity.
 - (d) The Tax Administrator, from time to time, may survey the electric service

suppliers to identify the various unbundled billing components of electric retail service that they commonly provide to residential and commercial/industrial customers in the City, and the charges therefor, including those items that are mandated by State or Federal regulatory agencies as a condition of providing such electric service. The Tax Administrator, thereafter, may issue and disseminate to such electric service providers an administrative ruling identifying those components and items which are: (i) necessary or common to the receipt, use or enjoyment of electric service; or, (ii) currently, or historically have been, included in a single or bundled rate for electric service by a local distribution company to a class of retail customers. Unbundled charges for such components and items shall be subject to the tax of paragraph a. above.

- (e) As used in this Section, the term "using electricity" shall not be construed to include the mere receiving of such electricity by an electric public utility or governmental agency at a point within the City for resale.
- supplier not under the jurisdiction of this Article 9 shall be collected and remitted in the manner set forth in Section 3-6.908 hereof. All other taxes on charges for electricity imposed by this Section shall be collected from the service user by the electric service supplier or its billing agent. The amount of tax collected in one (1) month shall be remitted to the Tax Administrator, and must be received by the Tax Administrator on or before the twentieth (20th) day of the following month; or, at the option of the person required to collect and/or remit the tax, such person shall remit an estimated amount of tax measured by the tax billed in the previous month or upon the payment pattern of the service user, which must be received by the Tax Administrator on or before the

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twentieth (20th) day of following month, provided that the service user shall submit an adjusted payment or request for credit, as appropriate, within sixty (60) days following each calendar quarter. The credit, if approved by the Tax Administrator, may be applied against any subsequent tax bill that becomes due.

Sec. 3-6.907 Gas Users Tax.

- (a) There is hereby imposed a tax upon every person using gas in the City, which is delivered through a pipeline distribution system or by mobile transport. The tax imposed by this section shall be at the rate of six percent (6%) of the charges made for such gas, including all services related to the storage, transportation and delivery of such gas. The tax shall be collected from the service user by the service supplier or non-utility service supplier, or its billing agent, and shall apply to all uses of gas, including but not limited to, heating, electric generation by a non-public utility, and the use of gas as a component of a manufactured product.
- (b) As used in this Section, the term "charges" shall apply to all services, components and items for gas service that are: i) necessary or common to the receipt, use and enjoyment of gas service; or, ii) currently, or historically have been, included in a single or bundled rate for gas service by a local distribution company to a class of retail customers. The term "charges" shall include, but is not limited to, the following charges:
 - (1) The commodity charges for purchased gas, or the cost of gas owned by the service user (including the actual costs attributed to drilling, production, lifting, storage, gathering, trunkline, pipeline, and other operating costs associated with the production and delivery of such gas), which is delivered through a gas pipeline distribution system;

(2) Gas transportation charges (including interstate charges to the

extent not included in commodity charges);

(3) Storage charges; provided, however, that the service provider shall

not be required to apply the tax to any charges for gas storage services when the

service providers cannot, as a practical matter, determine the jurisdiction where

such stored gas is ultimately used; but it shall be the obligation of the service

user to self-collect the amount of tax not applied to any charge for gas storage by

the service supplier and to remit the tax to the appropriate jurisdiction;

Capacity or demand charges, late charges, service establishment or

reestablishment charges, termination or early termination charges, marketing

charges, administrative charges, transition charges, customer charges, minimum

charges, annual and monthly charges, and any other charges which are

necessary or common to the receipt, use and enjoyment of gas service; and,

(4) Fees, charges or surcharges imposed by any state or federal

agency or law, whether or not such fees, charges or surcharges appear on a

bundled or line item basis on the customer billing, or whether they are imposed

on the service provider or the customer.

(c) As used in this Section, the term "charges" shall include the value of any

other services, credits, property of every kind or nature, or other consideration provided

by the service user in exchange for the gas or services related to the delivery of such

gas.

(d) The Tax Administrator, from time to time, may survey the gas service

suppliers to identify the various unbundled billing components of gas retail service that

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they commonly provide to residential and commercial/industrial customers in the City, and the charges therefor, including those items that are mandated by State or Federal regulatory agencies as a condition of providing such gas service. The Tax Administrator, thereafter, may issue and disseminate to such gas service suppliers an administrative ruling identifying those components and items which are: (i) necessary or common to the receipt, use or enjoyment of gas service; or, (ii) currently, or historically have been, included in a single or bundled rate for gas service by a local distribution company to a class of retail customers. Charges for such components and items shall be subject to the tax of subsection (a) above.

(e) As used in this Section, the term "using gas" shall not be construed to include the mere receiving of such gas by a gas public utility or governmental agency at a point within the City for resale.

(f) The tax on gas provided by self-production or by a non-utility service supplier not under the jurisdiction of this Article 9 shall be collected and remitted in the manner set forth in Section 3-6.908 hereof. All other taxes on charges for gas imposed by this Section shall be collected from the service user by the gas service supplier or its billing agent. The amount of tax collected in one (1) month shall be remitted to the Tax Administrator, and must be received by the Tax Administrator on or before the twentieth (20th) day of the following month; or, at the option of the person required to collect and/or remit the tax, such person shall remit an estimated amount of tax measured by the tax billed in the previous month or upon the payment pattern of the service user, which must be received by the Tax Administrator on or before the twentieth (20th) day of the following month, provided that the service user shall submit an adjusted payment

Reso No. <u>113-16</u> (CM) P:\COUNCIL\2016\062816\Election Calling Utility Users Tax Measure.docx ri 7/25/2016 3:31:37 PM or request for credit, as appropriate, within sixty (60) days following each calendar quarter. The credit, if approved by the Tax Administrator, may be applied against any subsequent tax bill that becomes due.

Sec. 3-6.908 Collection of Tax From Service Users Receiving Direct Purchase of Gas or Electricity.

- Any service user subject to the tax imposed by Sections 3-6.906 or 3-(a) 6.907 hereof, which produces gas or electricity for self-use; which receives gas or electricity, including any related supplemental services, directly from a non-utility service supplier not under the jurisdiction of this Article 9; or which, for any other reason, is not having the full tax collected and remitted by its service supplier, a non-utility service supplier, or its billing agent on the use of gas or electricity in the City, including any related supplemental services, shall report said fact to the Tax Administrator and shall remit the tax due directly to the Tax Administrator within thirty (30) days of such use. In lieu of paying said actual tax, the service user may, at its option, remit to the Tax Administrator within thirty (30) days for such use an estimated amount of tax measured by the tax billed in the previous month, or upon the payment pattern of similar customers of the service supplier using similar amounts of gas or electricity, provided that the service user shall submit an adjusted payment or request for credit, as appropriate, within sixty (60) days following each calendar quarter. The credit, if approved by the Tax Administrator, may be applied against any subsequent tax bill that becomes due.
- (b) The Tax Administrator may require said service user to identify its nonutility service supplier and provide, subject to audit, invoices, books of account, or other satisfactory evidence documenting the quantity of gas or electricity used, including

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any related supplemental services, and the cost or price thereof. If the service user is unable to provide such satisfactory evidence, or, if the administrative cost of calculating the tax in the opinion of the Tax Administrator is excessive, the Tax Administrator may determine the tax by applying the tax rate to the equivalent charges the service user would have incurred if the gas or electricity used, including any related supplemental services, had been provided by the service supplier that is the primary supplier of gas or electricity within the City.

(c) If the service user or its agent produces electricity for self-use and fails to meter the amount of electricity used by the service user, or fails to meter the amount of electricity that is taken against electricity provided by a service supplier (e.g., netmetering), the Tax Administrator may, for purposes of calculating the tax hereunder, estimate the amount of electricity that is self-produced based on the manufacturer's estimate of annual electricity generation for the facility used by the service user to generate electricity.

Sec. 3-6.909 Nonresidential rebate (Gas and Electricity).

Except as otherwise provided herein, any non-residential service user, other than an electrical corporation or gas corporation, with combined electric and gas taxes of more than the amount established by resolution of the Council but not to exceed Nine Thousand Nine Hundred and no/100ths (\$9,900.00) Dollars, which amount shall be annually adjusted each fiscal year to reflect the Consumer Price Index (CPI), shall receive a rebate from taxes collected in excess of the amount established by resolution of the Council during a fiscal year for such use. Rebates shall be made monthly.

Businesses eligible for the decreased tax described above shall advise the City of any

rebate due by submitting a copy of each month's electric and gas bills to the City Finance Director.

Sec. 3-6.910 Water Users' Tax.

- (a) There is imposed a tax upon every person using water in the City which is transported and delivered through a pipeline distribution system. The tax imposed by this section shall be at the rate of six percent (6%) of the charges made for such water.
- (b) As used in this section, the term "charges" shall apply to all services, components and items that are: i) necessary for or common to the receipt, use or enjoyment of water service; or, ii) currently are or historically have been included in a single or bundled rate for water service by a local distribution company to a class of retail customers. The term "charges" shall include, but is not limited to, the following charges: water commodity charges (potable and non-potable); distribution or transmission charges; metering charges; customer charges; fire protection services; late charges; service establishment or reestablishment charges; franchise fees; franchise surcharges; annual and monthly charges; and other charges, fees and surcharges which are necessary for or common to the receipt, use or enjoyment of water service; and, charges, fees, or surcharges, which are mandated by any state or federal agency or law, or a water district, whether or not such charges, fees, or surcharges appear on a bundled or line item basis on the customer billing.
- (c) As used in this section, the term "charges" shall include the value of any other services, credits, property of every kind or nature, or other consideration provided by the service user in exchange for the water services.

- (d) The Tax Administrator, from time to time, may survey the water service suppliers in the City to identify the various unbundled billing components of water retail service that they commonly provide to residential and commercial/industrial customers in the City, and the charges therefor, including those items that are mandated by a water district or a state or federal agency as a condition of providing such water service. The Tax Administrator, thereafter, may issue and disseminate to such water service suppliers an administrative ruling identifying those components and items which are: i) necessary for or common to the receipt, use or enjoyment of water service; or, ii) currently are or historically have been included in a single or bundled rate for water service by a local distribution company to a class of retail customers. Charges for such components and items shall be subject to the tax of subsection (a) above.
- (e) The tax on water service imposed by this section shall be collected from the service user by the water service supplier or its billing agent. The amount of tax collected in one (1) month shall be remitted to the Tax Administrator, and must be received by the Tax Administrator on or before the twentieth (20th) day of the following month.

Sec. 3-6.911 Effect of Commingling Taxable Items with Nontaxable Items.

If any non-taxable service charges are combined with and not separately stated from taxable service charges on the customer bill or invoice of a service supplier, the combined charge is subject to tax unless the service supplier is able to establish reasonable values for the portions of the combined charge that are nontaxable and taxable. If the service supplier offers a combination of taxable and non-taxable services, and the charges are separately stated, the service supplier shall assign reasonable

values for the taxable and non-taxable services. In assigning reasonable values for taxable and non-taxable services under this Section 3-6.911, the service supplier may use reasonable and verifiable standards, as approved by the Tax Administrator, such as: i) the books and records kept in the regular course of business and in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (not created and maintained for tax purposes): ii) the market value of such taxable and non-taxable services when offered on a stand-alone basis by the supplier or its competitors; or iii) other similar evidence of value. The service supplier has the burden of proving to the satisfaction of the Tax Administrator the proper valuation and apportionment of taxable and non-taxable charges under this Section 3-6.911.

Sec. 3-6.912 Substantial Nexus/Minimum Contacts.

For purposes of imposing a tax or establishing a duty to collect and remit a tax under this Article, "substantial nexus", "substantial economic presence", and "minimum contacts" shall be construed broadly in favor of the imposition, collection and/or remittance of the utility users tax to the fullest extent permitted by State and Federal law, and as it may change from time to time by judicial interpretation or by statutory enactment. Any telecommunication service (including VoIP) used by a person with a service address in the City, which service is capable of terminating a call to another person on the general telephone network, shall be subject to a rebuttable presumption that "substantial nexus/minimum contacts" exists for purposes of imposing a tax, or establishing a duty to collect and remit a tax, under this Article. A service supplier shall be deemed to have sufficient activity in the City for tax collection and remittance purposes if its activities include, but are not limited to, any of the following: maintains or

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has within the City, directly or through an agent, affiliate or subsidiary, a place of

business of any nature; solicits business in the City by employees, independent

contractors, resellers, agents, affiliates or other representatives; solicits business in the

City on a continuous, regular, seasonal or systematic basis by means of advertising that

is broadcast or relayed from a transmitter within the City or distributed from a location

within the City; or advertises in newspapers or other periodicals printed and published

within the City or through materials distributed in the City by means other than the

United States mail; or if there are activities performed in the City on behalf of the service

supplier that are significantly associated with the service supplier's ability to establish

and maintain a market in the City for the provision of utility services that are subject to a

tax under this Article (e.g., an affiliated person engaging in activities in the City that

inure to the benefit of the service supplier in its development or maintenance of a

market for its services in the City).

Sec. 3-6.913 Duty to Collect; Procedures.

(a) Collection by Service Suppliers. The duty of service suppliers to collect

and remit the taxes imposed by the provisions of this Article 9 shall be performed as

follows:

(1) The tax shall be collected by service suppliers insofar as

practicable at the same time as, and along with, the collection of the charges

made in accordance with the regular billing practice of the service supplier.

Where the amount paid by a service user to a service supplier is less than the full

amount of the charge and tax that was accrued for the billing period, a

proportionate share of both the charge and the tax shall be deemed to have been

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paid. In those cases where a service user has notified the service supplier of refusal to pay the tax imposed on said charges, Section 3-6.916 shall apply.

(2) The duty of a service supplier to collect the tax from a service user

shall commence with the beginning of the first regular billing period applicable to

the service user where all charges normally included in such regular billing are

subject to the provisions of this Article 9. Where a person receives more than

one (1) billing, one (1) or more being for different periods than another, the duty

to collect shall arise separately for each billing period.

(b) Filing Return and Payment. Each person required by this Article 9 to remit

a tax shall file a return to the Tax Administrator, on forms approved by the Tax

Administrator, on or before the due date. The full amount of the tax collected shall be

included with the return and filed with the Tax Administrator. The Tax Administrator is

authorized to require such additional information as he or she deems necessary to

determine if the tax is being levied, collected, and remitted in accordance with this

Chapter 3-6.900. Returns are due immediately upon cessation of business for any

reason. Pursuant to Revenue and Tax Code Section 7284.6, the Tax Administrator, and

its agents, shall maintain such filing returns as confidential information that is exempt

from the disclosure provisions of the Public Records Act.

Sec. 3-6.914 Collection Penalties; Service Suppliers or Self-Collectors.

(a) Taxes collected from a service user, or owed by a service user subject to

Section 3-6.908 hereof, are delinquent if not received by the Tax Administrator on or

before the due date. Should the due date occur on a weekend or legal holiday, the

return must be received by the Tax Administrator on the first regular working day

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following the weekend or legal holiday. A direct deposit, including electronic fund transfers and other similar methods of electronically exchanging monies between financial accounts, made by a service supplier in satisfaction of its obligations under this

Section shall be considered timely if the transfer is initiated on or before the due date,

and the transfer settles into the City's account on the following business day.

(b) If the person required to collect and/or remit the utility users tax fails to

collect the tax (by failing to properly assess the tax on one (1) or more services or

charges on the customer's billing) or fails to remit the tax collected on or before the due

date, or, in the case of a service user that fails to properly self-collect and remit the tax

under Section 3-6.908 hereof on or before the due date, the Tax Administrator shall

attach a penalty for such delinquencies or deficiencies at the rate of fifteen (15%)

percent of the total tax that is delinquent or deficient in the remittance, and shall pay

interest at the rate of and 75/100ths (0.75%) percent per month, or any fraction thereof,

on the amount of the tax, exclusive of penalties, from the date on which the remittance

first becomes delinquent, until paid.

(c) The Tax Administrator shall have the power to impose additional penalties

upon persons required to collect and remit taxes pursuant to the provisions of this

Article 9 for fraud or gross negligence in reporting or remitting at the rate of fifteen

(15%) percent of the amount of the tax collected and/or required to be remitted, or as

recomputed by the Tax Administrator.

(d) For collection purposes only, every penalty imposed and such interest that

is accrued under the provisions of this section shall become a part of the tax herein

required to be paid.

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(e) Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Tax Administrator may, in his or her

discretion, modify the due dates and/or penalty and interest provisions of this section to

be consistent with any uniform standards or procedures that are mutually agreed upon

by UUT public agencies, or otherwise legally established, to create a UUT central

payment location or mechanism.

Sec. 3-6.915 Deficiency Determination and Assessment; Tax Application Errors.

(a) The Tax Administrator shall make a deficiency determination if he or she

determines that any person required to pay or collect taxes pursuant to the provisions of

this Article 9 has failed to pay, collect, and/or remit the proper amount of tax by

improperly applying or failing to apply the tax to one or more taxable services or

charges. Nothing herein shall require that the Tax Administrator institute proceedings

under this Section 3-6.915 if, in the opinion of the Tax Administrator, the cost of

collection or enforcement likely outweighs the tax benefit.

(b) The Tax Administrator shall mail a notice of such deficiency determination

to the person required to pay or remit the tax, which notice shall refer briefly to the

amount of the taxes owed, plus interest at the rate of seventy-five one-hundredths

percent (0.75%) per month, or any fraction thereof, on the amount of the tax from the

date on which the tax should have been received by the City. Within fourteen (14)

calendar days after the date of service of such notice, the person may send a request in

writing to the Tax Administrator asking for a hearing on the matter.

(c) If the person fails to request a hearing within the prescribed time period,

the amount of the deficiency determination shall become a final assessment, and shall

immediately be due and owing to the City. If the person requests a hearing, the Tax

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Administrator shall cause the matter to be set for hearing, which shall be scheduled

within thirty (30) days after receipt of the written request for hearing. Notice of the time

and place of the hearing shall be mailed by the Tax Administrator to such person at

least ten (10) calendar days prior to the hearing, and, if the Tax Administrator desires

said person to produce specific records at such hearing, such notice may designate the

records requested to be produced.

(d) At the time fixed for the hearing, the Tax Administrator shall hear all

relevant testimony and evidence, including that of any other interested parties. At the

discretion of the Tax Administrator, the hearing may be continued from time to time for

the purpose of allowing the presentation of additional evidence. Within a reasonable

time following the conclusion of the hearing, the Tax Administrator shall issue a final

assessment (or non-assessment), thereafter, by confirming, modifying or rejecting the

original deficiency determination, and shall mail a copy of such final assessment to

person owing the tax. The decision of the Tax Administrator may be appealed pursuant

to Section 3-6.921. Filing an application with the Tax Administrator and appeal to the

City Manager, or designee, pursuant to Section 3-6.921 is a prerequisite to a suit

thereon.

Payment of the final assessment shall become delinquent if not received (e)

by the Tax Administrator on or before the thirtieth (30th) day following the date of receipt

of the notice of final assessment. The penalty for delinquency shall be fifteen percent

(15%) on the total amount of the assessment, along with interest at the rate of seventy-

five one-hundredths percent (0.75%) per month, or any fraction thereof, on the amount

of the tax, exclusive of penalties, from the date of delinquency, until paid. The applicable

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statute of limitations regarding a claim by the City seeking payment of a tax assessed

under this Article 9 shall commence from the date of delinquency as provided in this

subsection (e).

All notices under this Article 9 may be sent by regular mail, postage (f)

prepaid, and shall be deemed received on the third calendar day following the date of

mailing, as established by a proof of mailing.

Sec. 3-6.916 Administrative Remedy; Non-paying Service Users.

Whenever the Tax Administrator determines that a service user has (a)

deliberately withheld the amount of the tax owed by the service user from the amounts

remitted to a person required to collect the tax, or whenever the Tax Administrator

deems it in the best interest of the City, he or she may relieve such person of the

obligation to collect the taxes due under this Section 3-6.916 from certain named

service users for specific billing periods. Whenever the service user has failed to pay

the amount of tax owed for a period of two (2) or more billing periods, the service

supplier shall be relieved of the obligation to collect taxes due. The service supplier

shall provide the City with the names and addresses of such service users and the

amounts of taxes owed under the provisions of this Section 3-6.916. Nothing herein

shall require that the Tax Administrator institute proceedings under this Section 3-6.916

if, in the opinion of the Tax Administrator, the cost of collection or enforcement likely

outweighs the tax benefit.

In addition to the tax owed, the service user shall pay a delinquency (b)

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penalty at the rate of fifteen (15%) percent of the total tax that is owed, and shall pay

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interest at the rate of three-quarters of one (3/4%) percent per month, or any fraction

thereof, on the amount of the tax, exclusive of penalties, from the due date, until paid.

(c) The Tax Administrator shall notify the nonpaying service user that the Tax

Administrator has assumed the responsibility to collect the taxes due for the stated

periods and demand payment of such taxes, including penalties and interest. The notice

shall be served on the service user by personal delivery or by deposit of the notice in

the United States mail, postage prepaid, addressed to the service user at the address to

which billing was made by the person required to collect the tax; or, should the service

user have a change of address, to his or her last known address.

d. If the service user fails to remit the tax to the Tax Administrator within thirty (30) days

from the date of the service of the notice upon him or her, the Tax Administrator may

impose an additional penalty of fifteen (15%) percent of the amount of the total tax that

is owed.

Sec. 3-6.917 Actions to Collect.

Any tax required to be paid by a service user under the provisions of this Article 9

shall be deemed a debt owed by the service user to the City. Any such tax collected

from a service user which has not been remitted to the Tax Administrator shall be

deemed a debt owed to the City by the person required to collect and remit and shall no

longer be a debt of the service user. Any person owing money to the City under the

provisions of this Article 9 shall be liable in an action brought in the name of the City for

the recovery of such amount, including penalties and interest as provided for in this

Article 9, along with any collection costs incurred by the City as a result of the person's

noncompliance with this Article 9, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorney's

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fees. In the event that a service user or service supplier owing a tax under this Article 9 files bankruptcy, then such debt to the City shall be deemed an unsecured priority excise tax obligation under 11 U.S.C.A. Section 507(a)(8)(C). Service suppliers who seek to collect charges for service in bankruptcy proceedings shall also include in any such claim the amount of taxes due the City for those services, unless the Tax Administrator determines that such duty is in conflict with any federal or state law, rule, or regulation or that such action would be administratively impractical.

Sec. 3-6.918 Additional Powers and Duties of the Tax Administrator.

(a) The Tax Administrator shall have the power and duty, and is hereby

directed, to enforce each and all of the provisions of this Article 9.

(b) The Tax Administrator may adopt administrative rules and regulations

consistent with provisions of this Article 9 for the purpose of interpreting, clarifying,

carrying out and enforcing the payment, collection and remittance of the taxes herein

imposed. The administrative ruling shall not impose a new tax, revise an existing tax

methodology as stated in this Article 9, or increase an existing tax, except as allowed by

California Government Code Section 53750(h)(2). A copy of such administrative rules

and regulations shall be on file in the Tax Administrator's office. To the extent that the

Tax Administrator determines that the tax imposed under this Article 9 shall not be

collected in full for any period of time from any particular service supplier or service

user, that determination shall be considered an exercise of the Tax Administrator's

discretion to settle disputes and shall not constitute a change in taxing methodology for

purposes of Government Code Section 53750 or otherwise. The Tax Administrator is

not authorized to amend the City's methodology for purposes of Government Code

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Section 53750 and the City does not waive or abrogate its ability to impose the utility users tax in full as a result of promulgating administrative rulings or entering into agreements.

(c) Upon a proper showing of good cause, the Tax Administrator may make administrative agreements, with appropriate conditions, to vary from the strict requirements of this Article 9 and thereby; (1) conform to the billing procedures of a particular service supplier (or service user subject to Section 3-6.908 hereof) so long as said agreements result in the collection of the tax in conformance with the general purpose and scope of this Article 9; or, (2) to avoid a hardship where the administrative costs of collection and remittance greatly outweigh the tax benefit. A copy of each such agreement shall be on file in the Tax Administrator's office, and are voidable by the Tax Administrator or the City at any time.

with the requirements of this Article 9, of any person required to collect and/or remit a tax pursuant to this Article 9. The Tax Administrator shall notify said person of the initiation of an audit in writing. In the absence of fraud or other intentional misconduct, the audit period or review shall not exceed a period of three (3) years next preceding the date of receipt of the written notice by said person from the Tax Administrator. Upon completion of the audit, the Tax Administrator may make a deficiency determination pursuant to Section 3-6.915 for all taxes (and applicable penalties and interest) owed and not paid, as evidenced by information provided by such person to the Tax Administrator. If said person is unable or unwilling to provide sufficient records to enable the Tax Administrator to verify compliance with this Article 9, the Tax Administrator is

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authorized to make a reasonable estimate of the deficiency. Said reasonable estimate shall be entitled to a rebuttable presumption of correctness.

(e) Upon receipt of a written request of a taxpayer, and for good cause, the

Tax Administrator may extend the time for filing any statement required pursuant to this

Article 9 for a period of not to exceed forty-five (45) days, provided that the time for filing

the required statement has not already passed when the request is received. No penalty

for delinquent payment shall accrue by reason of such extension. Interest shall accrue

during said extension at the rate of three-quarters of one (3/4%) percent per month,

prorated for any portion thereof.

(f) The Tax Administrator shall determine the eligibility of any person who

asserts a right to exemption from, or a refund of, the tax imposed by this Article 9.

(g) The Tax Administrator, with the written approval of the City Attorney, may

compromise a claim pursuant to this Article 9 where the portion of the claim proposed to

be released is equal to or less than four thousand nine hundred ninety-nine (\$4,999.00)

dollars; and, with the approval of the City Attorney and the City Council, may

compromise such a claim where the portion proposed to be released is greater than

four thousand nine hundred ninety-nine (\$4,999.00) dollars.

(h) Notwithstanding any provision in this Article 9 to the contrary, the Tax

Administrator may waive any penalty or interest imposed upon a person required to

collect and/or remit for failure to collect the tax imposed by this Article 9 if, in the opinion

of the Tax Administrator, the non-collection occurred in good faith. In determining

whether the non-collection was in good faith, the Tax Administrator may take into

consideration the uniqueness of the product or service, industry practice or other

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precedence, or whether the person offers to voluntarily disclose its tax liability. To

encourage voluntary full disclosure and on-going cooperation on tax collection and

remittance, the Tax Administrator, and its agents, may enter into agreements with the

tax-collecting service providers and grant prospective only effect on any changes

regarding the taxation of services or charges that were previously deemed by the

service provider, in good faith and without gross negligence, to be non-taxable. In

determining whether the non-collection was in good faith and without gross negligence,

the Tax Administrator may take into consideration the uniqueness of the product or

service, industry practice or other precedence, and whether the disclosure was

voluntarily made by the service provider or its agent.

Sec. 3-6.919 Records.

(a) It shall be the duty of every person required to collect and/or remit to the

City any tax imposed by this Article 9 to keep and preserve, for a period of at least three

(3) years, all records as may be necessary to determine the amount of such tax that

such person may have been liable for the collection of and remittance to the Tax

Administrator, which records the Tax Administrator shall have the right to inspect at a

reasonable time.

(b) The Tax Administrator may issue an administrative subpoena to compel a

person to deliver, to the Tax Administrator, copies of all records deemed necessary by

the Tax Administrator to establish compliance with this Article 9, including the delivery of

records in a common electronic format on readily available media if such records are

kept electronically by the person in the usual and ordinary course of business. As an

alternative to delivering the subpoenaed records to the Tax Administrator on or before

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the due date provided in the administrative subpoena, such person may provide access

to such records outside the City on or before the due date, provided that such person

shall reimburse the City for all reasonable travel expenses incurred by the City to

inspect those records, including travel, lodging, meals, and other similar expenses, but

excluding the normal salary or hourly wages of those persons designated by the City to

conduct the inspection.

(c) The Tax Administrator is authorized to execute a nondisclosure

agreement approved by the City Attorney to protect the confidentiality of customer

information pursuant to California Revenue and Tax Code Sections 7284.6 and 7284.7.

The Tax Administrator may request from a person providing transportation or

distribution services of gas or electricity to service users within the City, a list of the

names, billing and service addresses, quantities of gas or electricity delivered, and other

pertinent information, of its transportation customers within the City pursuant to Section

6354(e) of the California Public Utilities Code.

(d) If a service supplier uses a billing agent or billing aggregator to bill,

collect, and/or remit the tax, the service supplier shall: (1) provide to the Tax

Administrator the name, address and telephone number of each billing agent and billing

aggregator currently authorized by the service supplier to bill, collect, and/or remit the

tax to the City; and, (2) upon request of the Tax Administrator, deliver, or effect the

delivery of, any information or records in the possession of such billing agent or billing

aggregator that, in the opinion of the Tax Administrator, is necessary to verify the proper

application, calculation, collection and/or remittance of such tax to the City.

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(e) If any person subject to record-keeping under this Article 9 unreasonably denies the Tax Administrator, or the Tax Administrator's designated representative, access to such records, or fails to produce the information requested in an administrative subpoena within the time specified, the Tax Administrator may impose a penalty of five hundred (\$500.00) dollars on such person for each day following: i) the initial date that the person refuses to provide such access; or, ii) the due date for production of records as set forth in the administrative subpoena. This penalty shall be in addition to any other penalty imposed under this Article 9.

Sec. 3-6.920 Refunds/Credits.

Whenever the amount of any tax has been overpaid or paid more than once or has been erroneously or illegally collected or received by the Tax Administrator under this Article 9, it may be refunded or credited as provided in this Section:

(a) The Tax Administrator may refund any tax that has been overpaid or paid more than once or has been erroneously or illegally collected or received by the Tax Administrator under this Article 9, provided that no refund shall be paid under the provisions of this section unless the claimant or his or her guardian, conservator, executor, or administrator has submitted a written claim to the Tax Administrator within one (1) year of the overpayment or erroneous or illegal collection of said tax. Such claim must clearly establish claimant's right to the refund by written records showing entitlement thereto. To the extent allowed by law, nothing herein shall permit the filing of a claim on behalf of a class or group of taxpayers unless each member of the class has submitted a written claim under penalty of perjury as provided by this Section 3-6.920.

- (b) The submission of a written claim, which is acted upon by the City Council, shall be a prerequisite to a suit thereon. (See Section 935 of the California Government Code). The Tax Administrator, or the City Council where the claim is in excess of four thousand nine hundred ninety-five (\$4,995.00) dollars shall act upon the refund claim within the time period set forth in Government Code Section 912.4. If the City Council fails or refuses to act on a refund claim within the time prescribed by Government Section 912.4, the claim shall be deemed to have been rejected by the City Council on the last day of the period within which the City Council was required to act upon the claim as provided in Government Code Section 912.4. The Tax Administrator shall give notice of the action in a form that substantially complies with that set forth in Government Code Section 913.
- (c) Notwithstanding the notice provisions of subsection (a) of this Section 3-6.920, the Tax Administrator may, at his or her discretion, give written permission to a service supplier, who has collected and remitted any amount of tax in excess of the amount of tax imposed by this Article 9, to claim credit for such overpayment against the amount of tax which is due the City upon a subsequent monthly return(s) to the Tax Administrator, provided that, prior to taking such credit by the service supplier: 1) such credit is claimed in a return dated no later than one year from the date of overpayment or erroneous collection of said tax; 2) the Tax Administrator is satisfied that the underlying basis and amount of such credit has been reasonably established; and, 3) in the case of an overpayment by a service user to the service supplier that has been remitted to the City, the Tax Administrator has received proof, to his or her satisfaction,

that the overpayment has been refunded by the service supplier to the service user in an amount equal to the requested credit.

Sec. 3-6.921 Appeals.

- (a) The provisions of this section apply to any decision (other than a decision relating to a refund pursuant to Section 3-6.920 hereof), deficiency determination, assessment, or administrative ruling of the Tax Administrator. Any person aggrieved by any decision (other than a decision relating to a refund pursuant to Section 3-6.920 hereof), deficiency determination, assessment, or administrative ruling of the Tax Administrator, shall be required to comply with the appeals procedure of this section. Compliance with this section shall be a prerequisite to a suit thereon. [See *Government Code Section 935(b)*]. To the extent allowed by law, nothing herein shall permit the filing of a claim or action on behalf of a class or group of taxpayers.
- (b) If any person is aggrieved by any decision (other than a decision relating to a refund pursuant to Section 3-6.920 hereof), deficiency determination, assessment, or administrative ruling of the Tax Administrator; he or she may appeal to the City Manager by filing a notice of appeal with the City Clerk within fourteen (14) days of the date of the decision, deficiency determination, assessment, or administrative ruling of the Tax Administrator which aggrieved the service user or service supplier.
- (c) The matter shall be scheduled for hearing before an independent hearing officer selected by the City Manager, or designee, no more than thirty (30) days from the receipt of the appeal. The appellant shall be served with notice of the time and place of the hearing, as well as any relevant materials, at least five (5) calendar days prior to the hearing. The hearing may be continued from time to time upon mutual consent. At

Reso No. <u>113-16</u> (CM) P:\COUNCIL\2016\062816\Election Calling Utility Users Tax Measure.docx ri 7/25/2016 3:31:37 PM the time of the hearing, the appealing party, the Tax Administrator, the City Manager, and any other interested person may present such relevant evidence as he or she may have relating to the determination from which the appeal is taken.

(d) Based upon the submission of such evidence and the review of the City's files, the City Manager shall issue a written notice and order upholding, modifying or reversing the determination from which the appeal is taken. The notice shall be given within fourteen (14) days after the conclusion of the hearing and shall state the reasons for the decision. The notice shall specify that the decision is final and that any petition for judicial review shall be filed within ninety (90) days from the date of the decision in accordance with *Code of Civil Procedure Section 1094.6*.

(e) All notices under this section may be sent by regular mail, postage prepaid, and shall be deemed received on the third calendar day following the date of mailing, as established by a proof of mailing.

Sec. 3-6.922 No Injunction/Writ of Mandate.

No injunction or writ of mandate or other legal or equitable process shall issue in any suit, action, or proceeding in any court against this City or against any officer of the City to prevent or enjoin the collection under this Article 9 of any tax or any amount of tax required to be collected and/or remitted.

Sec. 3-6.923 Remedies Cumulative.

All remedies and penalties prescribed by this Article 9 and Chapter 1-2 of this Code, or which are available under any other provision of law or equity, including but not limited to the California False Claims Act (*Government Code Section 12650 et seq.*) and the California Unfair Practices Act (*Business and Professions Code Section 17070*

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et seq.), are cumulative. The use of one (1) or more remedies by the City shall not bar

the use of any other remedy for the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this Section

3-6.923.

Sec. 3-6.924 Notice of Changes to Ordinance.

If a tax under this Article 9 is added, repealed, increased, reduced, or the tax

base is changed, the Tax Administrator shall follow the notice requirements of *Public*

Utilities Code Section 799.

Sec. 3-6.925 Future Amendment to Cited Statute.

Unless specifically provided otherwise, any reference to a State or Federal

statute in this Article 9 shall mean such statute as it may be amended from time to time.

To the extent that the City's authorization to collect or impose any tax imposed under

this Article 9 is expanded or limited as a result of an amendment or new enactment of a

State or Federal law, no amendment or modification of this Article 9 shall be required to

conform the tax to those changes, and the tax shall be imposed and collected to the full

extent of the authorization up to the full amount of the tax imposed under this Article 9.

Sec. 3-6.926 Annual Rate Review and Independent Audit of Tax Collection,

Exemption, Remittance and Expenditure.

The City shall annually verify that the taxes owed under this section have been

properly applied, exempted, collected, and remitted in accordance with this section, and

properly expended according to applicable municipal law. The annual verification shall

be performed by a qualified independent third party and the review shall employ

reasonable, cost-effective steps to assure compliance, including the use of sampling

audits. The verification shall not be required of tax remitters where the cost of the

verification may exceed the tax revenues to be reviewed.

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Sec. 3-6.927 No Increase in Tax Percentage or Change in Methodology Without Voter Approval; Amendment or Repeal.

This Article 9 of the Watsonville Municipal Code may be repealed or amended by

the City Council without a vote of the People. However, as required by Chapter XIIIC of

the California Constitution, voter approval is required for any amendment provision that

would increase the rate of any tax levied pursuant to this Ordinance, provided however,

the following actions shall not constitute an increase of the rate of a tax:

(a) The restoration of the rate of the tax to a rate that is no higher than that

set by this Ordinance, if the City Council has acted to reduce the rate of the tax;

(b) An action that interprets or clarifies the methodology of the tax, or any

definition applicable to the tax, so long as such interpretation or clarification (even if

contrary to some prior interpretation or clarification) is not inconsistent with the language

of this Ordinance;

(c) The establishment a class of persons that is exempt or excepted from the

tax or the discontinuation of any such exemption or exception (other than the

discontinuation of an exemption or exception specifically set forth in this Ordinance):

and

(d) The collection of the tax imposed by this ordinance, even if the City had,

for some period of time, failed to collect the tax.

SECTION 2. INTERACTION WITH PRIOR TAX.

(a) Collection of Tax by Service Providers. Service providers shall begin to

collect the tax imposed by this amended code as soon as feasible after the effective

date of this code, but in no event later than permitted by Section 799 of the California

Public Utilities Code.

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(b) Satisfaction of Tax Obligation by Service Users. Prior to April 1, 2017, any person who pays the tax levied pursuant to this code, as it existed prior to its amendment as provided herein, with respect to any charge for a service shall be deemed to have satisfied his or her obligation to pay the tax levied pursuant to this code as amended herein, with respect to that charge. The intent of this paragraph is to prevent the imposition of multiple taxes upon a single utility charge during the transition period from the prior Utility Users Tax code to the amended Utility Users Tax code (which transition period ends April 1, 2017) and to permit service providers or other persons with an obligation to remit the tax hereunder, during that transition period, to satisfy their collection obligations by collecting either tax.

SECTION 3. SEVERABILITY.

That if any section, subsection, subdivision, paragraph, sentence, clause or phrase of this Article 9 or any part thereof is for any reason held to be invalid, unlawful or unconstitutional, such decision, and the decision not to enforce such, shall not affect the validity of the remaining portion of this Article 9 or any part thereof. The City Council hereby declares that it would have passed each section, subsection, subdivision, paragraph, sentence, clause or phrase thereof, irrespective of the fact that any one or more sections, subsections, subdivisions, paragraphs, sentences, clauses or phrases be declared invalid, unlawful or unconstitutional.

SECTION 4. PUBLICATION.

This ordinance shall be published in the Watsonville Register-Pajaronian and/or Santa Cruz Sentinel in compliance with the provisions of the Charter of the City of Watsonville.

SECTION 5. EFFECTIVE DATE.

This ordinance shall be in force and take effect ten (10) days after the City

Council declares the vote of the November 8, 2016, Presidential General Election

pursuant to California Election Code Section 9217.

SECTION 6. RATIFICATION OF PRIOR TAX.

The People of the City of Watsonville hereby ratify and approve the past

collection of the Utility Users' Tax (Article 9 of Chapter 6, of Title 3 of the Watsonville

Municipal Code), as it existed prior to the effective date of this Ordinance.

SECTION 4. That the Santa Cruz County Elections Department is hereby

requested to print the hereinabove measure text exactly as filed or indicated on the filed

document in the Voter's Information Pamphlet section of the Sample Ballot for the

November 8, 2016, election. Cost of printing and distribution of the measure text will be

paid by the City.

SECTION 5. That the City Clerk of the City of Watsonville is hereby ordered and

directed to cause to be published a synopsis of the measure to be submitted at the

Special Municipal Election in the time, manner and form required by Section 12111 of

the Elections Code of the State of California.

SECTION 6. That the Special Municipal Election hereby called shall be held and

conducted and the votes thereat canvassed and the returns thereof made, and the

results thereof ascertained and determined as herein provided, and in all particulars not

prescribed in this resolution, the Special Municipal Election shall be held as provided for

in the Charter of the City, and in all particulars not provided for therein, the election shall

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be held as provided by law for the holding of special municipal elections in the City of

Watsonville and otherwise in accordance with the Elections Code of the State of

California.

All persons qualified to vote at municipal elections in the City of Watsonville on

the day of the election herein provided for shall be qualified to vote on the measure

hereby submitted at the election.

To vote in favor of the measure a voter shall mark the voting square to the right

after the word "Yes" on the ballot to the right of such measure, and to vote against the

measure a voter shall mark the voting square to the right after the word "NO" on the

ballot to the right of such measure. If a majority of the qualified voters voting on the

measure vote in favor thereof, such measure shall be deemed ratified.

SECTION 7. That the Board of Supervisors of the County of Santa Cruz is

hereby requested to order the County Clerk (1) to set forth on all sample ballots to be

mailed to the qualified electors of the City of Watsonville for said consolidated election

the text of the ballot measure as set forth hereinabove, arguments (if any) for and

against said measure, and other authorized material (if any), and (2) to provide absent

voter ballots for said election for use by the qualified electors of the City of Watsonville

who are entitled thereto, in the manner provided by law.

The Board of Supervisors of the County of Santa Cruz is hereby further

requested to direct the County Elections Official to canvass, or cause to be canvassed,

as provided by law, returns of said special election and to certify such canvass of the

votes cast for and against said measure to the City Council of the City of Watsonville.

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SECTION 8. That the City Attorney is hereby directed to prepare an impartial

analysis for the hereinabove measure.

SECTION 9. That the Administrative Services Director is hereby directed to

prepare an impartial fiscal analysis for the hereinabove measure.

SECTION 10. That the City Clerk is directed to take the necessary steps to

request the addition of this ballot measure on the November 8, 2016, consolidated

general election ballot for the City of Watsonville.

SECTION 11. Written Arguments by Council. The deadline for filing arguments

for the ballot measure with the City Clerk shall be August 19, 2016, by 5:00pm., and the

argument shall not exceed 300 words in length. Rebuttal arguments shall be filed with

the City Clerk by August 26, 2016, by 5:00pm., and shall not exceed 250 words in

length. When the City Clerk has selected the arguments for and against the measure,

which will be printed and distributed to the voters, the City Clerk shall send copies of the

argument in favor of the measure to the authors of the argument against, and copies of

the argument against to the authors of the argument in favor.

SECTION 12. That the City Clerk is hereby authorized and directed to file a copy

of this Resolution with the Board of Supervisors and the County Clerk of Santa Cruz

County.

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The foregoing resolution was introduced at a regular meeting of the Council of the City of Watsonville, held on the <u>28th</u> day of <u>June</u>, 2016, by Member <u>Coffman-Gomez</u>, who moved its adoption, which motion being duly seconded by Member <u>Bilicich</u>, was upon roll call carried and the resolution adopted by the following vote:

AYES:

COUNCIL MEMBERS:

Bilicich, Cervantez Alejo, Coffman-

Gomez, Dutra, Garcia, Hurst,

Hernandez

NOES:

COUNCIL MEMBERS:

None

ABSENT:

COUNCIL MEMBERS:

None

Felipe Hernandez, Mayor

ATTEST:

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

City Attorney

I, Beatriz Vázquez Flores, City Clerk of the City of Watsonville, do hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution No. 113-16 (CM) was duly and regularly passed and adopted by the Watsonville City Council at a meeting thereof held on the 28th day of June, 2016, and that the foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of said Resolution.

Beatriz Vázduez Flores, City Clerk